



The Philad. Exhibitors of the  
Palace.

April 15, 1854.

The lowest & jyfully announce to  
the public, that the  
one thousand, which threatened  
on the 21st future and destruction  
highest, sixty of which they have  
had the 4th of May long removed,  
mous circulation liberty of  
any other publisher who have  
The London Times of the Exhibition  
000 daily, the P. 000. This aside,  
000, and the to dissolve the  
claims of a source of embarrass-  
ment and alarm or apprehension  
of our Exhibitors— to pay off  
or arrange all the debts pressing upon  
us, and provide against the possible occur-  
rence of such annoyances in future.  
We therefore apprise you that the Exhibition  
will be temporarily closed this evening,  
in order to be completely renovated  
and refitted, preparatory to its formal re-  
opening, on Thursday the 4th day of  
May next.

The directors need not, surely, dilate  
on the value and importance of this Ex-  
hibition. Imperfect as it has hitherto been, and as, in view of the total want  
of experience on our side of the Atlantic  
in the arrangement of Exhibitions of such  
magnitude and variety, it could not fail to  
be, that it has proved immensely beneficial  
to the inventive views, artistic develop-  
ments, and industrial progress of the  
country. The opportunity therein af-  
forded for bringing valuable inventions  
or improvements to the immediate notice  
of the capable and appreciating, is but  
one among many benefits conferred on  
the leaders of industrial enterprise among  
us. If overweening conceit or inordinate  
self complacency has been rebuked and  
chastened by irresistible evidences of  
European superiority in elaborate and  
delicate workmanship, or even in educ-  
ed, ripened taste, the Exhibition of 1853  
has fully demonstrated the indebtedness  
of Europe to America for very important  
inventions and improvements, stretching  
over the whole domain of Agriculture,  
Manufactures and the useful Arts. In  
farming implements, and machines for  
finding the rude staples of Agriculture, for  
the convenience and economic use of the  
fabrication, our country need fear no  
comparison; and a young Nation of two-  
five Millions which while still ardently  
employed in the clearing away of its primitive  
forests, has found time in half a century  
to bestow on mankind such inventions  
as those of the Cotton Gin the Steamboat,  
the Reaper and the Electric Telegraph, need surely neither repress  
nor conceal her ability to profit by all  
in the line of discovery, Art or Invention,  
which has been or may be exhibited by  
others. Is the New York Exhibition  
not shown our people how to improve  
any implement or process in the light of  
European achievement, that impulse is a  
National benefit of signal and even in-  
creasing value.

If the past has witnessed mistakes in

the conduct of the great enterprise now  
confided to our hands, that circumstance  
will render our own task easier and our  
success more probable. If it has eval-  
uated many valuable suggestions and illu-  
minated for us the path of duty by tri-  
umphant as well as defeat, we shall be able  
to walk surely where our predecessors  
stepped doubtfully and anxiously. With  
your co-operation, and that of the com-  
ing Fultons, Whineys and Morses, whose  
triumphs are yet unachieved or  
unacknowledged, we hope to render the  
Crystal Palace the recognised centre of  
attraction for the votaries of Industry, the  
devotees of Art and the admirers of Gen-  
ius, throughout the Western World.

To effect this, we need the hearty and  
immediate co-operation of the present  
Exhibitors, both through the continuance  
of their best contributions, and the intro-  
duction of others, as new inventions, new  
patterns, new successes, shall render such  
further aid practicable. While we trust  
that the Exhibition is henceforth perma-  
nently established, and that before many  
more years have elapsed, specimens or  
models of every valuable institution, em-  
inent works of Art, improved Fabrics, or  
other Industrial achievements, will be  
exhibited in the Palace, as a master of  
course, we shall yet remember with spec-  
tacular gratitude, those friends of the enter-  
prise who did not wait for its triumph,  
stood by it in the days of experiment, and  
nobly aided to achieve the conquest  
which so many are destined to enjoy.  
We shall be able, and we rejoice in the  
fact, to accord more desirable positions  
and ample space to new Articles which  
shall be sent in between this and the 1st  
of May, than it is probable that we shall  
have at our disposal thereafter. The  
earliest possible transmission of all Articles  
intended for Exhibition, at and after  
the re-opening, is urgently solicited.

Trusting that you will agree with us,

that the interest of Inventors, Artists,  
Manufacturers and Artisans, are all in-  
volved in the thorough and undeniable  
triumph of the first American Exhibition

of the trophies of the World's Art and  
Industry, we remain,

Yours,

P. T. BARNUM,  
President of the Association for the  
Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations.

Disscusses:—Phineas T. Barnum, T.

B. Stillman, Wm. O'Brien, Edward

Haight, John H. Cornelia, Jas. B. Brew-

ster, Jacob A. Waterveld, Warren Le-

land, Henry Hilton, Wm. B. Dinsmore,

John H. White Dudley, Perse, Chas. H.

Howell, M. Palmer, Livingston, John T.

Parish, Chas. W. Foster & Orace Greeley,

Wells Sherman, George B. Butler, Sam-

uel Nicholson, Wm. W. Whetstone, Erastus C.

Benedict, Chas. Butler, Theo. Sedgwick,

Wm. Chauncy.

The individual who stood upon his  
own responsibility, is indicated for infan-

tage.

WASHINGTON, April 16.  
SENATE.—The Senate was in secret  
session till 6 o'clock and then ad-  
journed.

House.—The business concluded,  
pending a motion to reconsider the  
vote by which the Senate's bill, in-  
creasing the salaries of clerks, was  
ordered to a third reading.

The House then adjourned.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

SENATE.—Mr. Cass presented a me-  
morial from the Jewish citizens asking  
that efforts may be made to secure  
religious toleration to Ameri-  
can citizens in foreign countries.

Mr. Everett, from the committee on  
foreign relations, reported a bill to  
further the settlement of Spanish  
claims under the Florida treaty.

Mr. Shields reported a bill regulat-  
ing the pay of pension agents and the  
settlement of their accounts.

The Homestead bill was taken up  
and Mr. Pettit spoke in favor there-  
of, after which it was postponed.

House.—The House resumed the  
consideration of the bill increasing the  
salaries of clerks and other officers  
in the Departments.

Mr. Jones, of Tenn., moved an amend-  
ment that nothing in the bill  
should be construed to make appro-  
priation beyond the present fiscal year.  
After debate the amendment was  
adopted. The bill was then passed, yeas 76, nays 65.

Mr. Lane, of Oregon, introduced a  
bill to enable the people of Oregon to  
form a constitution for State govern-  
ment and to provide for the admis-  
sion of such State into the Union,  
which was referred.

The House went into committee on  
the West Point Academy bill as re-  
turned from the Senate with amend-  
ments, pending debate the committee  
rose and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

SENATE.—Mr. Broadhead pre-  
sented a memorial asking an amendment  
of the Homestead bill so as to require  
the Treasurer of the U. S. to pay back  
to all persons the amounts paid by them for public lands.

Mr. Wade presented a memorial from  
Ohio against the extension of slavery.

The bill establishing the land sys-  
tem for New Mexico was passed.

The Senate then went into execu-  
tive session, after which they ad-  
journed till Monday.

House.—The House passed the  
Senate's bill authorizing the Post-  
master General to continue contract  
for carrying the mails between Mo-  
bile and Montgomery.

The House then went into com-  
mittee on the West Point Academy  
bill, and passed the most of the  
Senate's amendments.

The committee rose and the House  
then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

SENATE.—After Mr. Thompson, of  
Kentucky, concluded his speech, the Sen-  
ate adjourned. His speech was most el-  
egant, and of a very amusing character  
calling forth repeated applause.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

The Senate is not in session.

House.—A bill authorizing the Post-  
master General to contract for semi-  
monthly or weekly mails to California  
was introduced and postponed until the  
first Monday in June.

The House went into Committee on  
Private Bills, and then adjourned until  
Monday.

WASHINGTON, April 18.

The Gadsden treaty was rejected by  
the Senate to day by the decisive vote  
of 26 to 18. The injunction of secrecy  
was not removed, so nothing definite as  
to the details can be known. Much spec-  
ulation exists as to the effect of the rejec-  
tion. It was initiated by the President  
and certain members of the Cabinet,  
while the treaty was under discussion,  
that a refusal of the Senate to ratify it  
would be followed by immediate war  
with Mexico—the president feeling him-  
self called upon to seize the Mayaville  
valley, let come what may. This insin-  
uation was considered as an attempt to  
intimidate the Senator, and these best  
informed here think that the President  
will rather appoint another commissioner  
to negotiate a treaty than make war.

Under the existing circumstances all are  
waiting anxiously for the development  
of the policy in the premises.

CHARLESTOWN, April 15.

The grand Southern Pacific railroad  
project was adopted. The clause authoriz-  
ing the corporation to negotiate with  
Mexico was strongly opposed. Resolu-  
tions in favor of the Gadsden treaty and  
alternate sections of public lands for  
railroad purposes caused bitter oppo-  
sition.

The convention adjourned to meet in  
New Orleans the second Monday in  
January:

WASHINGTON, April 19.

SENATE.—After some unimportant bus-  
iness the Senate took up the homestead  
bill. Mr. Thompson, of Ky., made a  
strong speech against the bill, character-  
izing it as a premium to foreign paupers  
and to those who are too lazy to work.

House.—The bill for the benefit of  
indigent insane of the several States  
was taken up and passed—yeas 81, nays  
83. The bill grants 10,000,000 acres of  
land to be appropriated according to the  
geographical and representative ratio.

The House then adjourned.

A foot in the column.

THE TRIAL OF THE WARD.—The trial  
of MAT. F. WARD and his younger brother,  
ROBERT J. WARD, jr., for the murder  
of Mr. W. G. H. BUTLER, was to commence  
at Elizabethtown of Friday the 18th. A great crowd of witnesses are  
said to be in attendance, especially on  
the part of the defense, for the purpose  
of proving the amiable character of the  
defendant. One account says that eight  
lawyers have been engaged for the  
defense, among whom are Hon. John L.  
Crittenden, T. F. Marshall, John L.  
Helm and Nathaniel Wolfe.

For the prosecution are the Commonwealth's Attorney, Alfred Allen, R. B. Carpenter, Esq., of Covington, F. W. Gibson, Esq., of Louisville, and Sylvester Harris, of Elizabethtown.

News reached Louisville on Tuesday  
night that Judge Kincheloe had made an  
order forbidding the publication of the  
testimony. The Courier refuses to  
credit the report, but denounces the order,  
if made, as tyrannical and absurd.

The Democrat openly avows its intention  
to disregard it, as a restriction beyond  
the constitutional power of the  
Judge to make. Both papers take the  
ground and maintain that the people of  
Louisville and elsewhere have the  
same right to read the testimony as the  
people of Elizabethtown or visitors there  
have to hear it; and that the Judge has  
no more right to muzzle the press than  
to hold his court in secret.

All the Louisville papers have or had  
reporters upon the ground.

P. S. The preceding is founded upon  
what appeared in the Louisville papers  
of Wednesday. Those of yesterday  
bring us the fact that the trial of Mat.  
F. Ward, the principal, is progressing,  
but no testimony; the reporters being al-  
lowed seats in the Court House only upon  
condition that the evidence reported  
should not be published during the pro-  
gress of the trial. We subjoin a few ex-  
tracts from the Democrat's correspondence:

ELIZABETHTOWN April 19th,  
MESSRS. EDITORS.—Yesterday morning,  
the case of the Commonwealth vs.  
Mat. F. and Robt. Ward, was called.  
The defense moved for separate trials,  
and the Judge held their rights to separate  
trials, and the right of the Commonwealth  
to elect which should be tried first.

—The latter chose to try the principal,  
and the defense announced themselves  
ready. The next step was the great  
point of interest—the jury.—After ex-  
hausting the panel and culling forty-  
more—sixty-four in all—a jury was ob-  
tained, and here are the names:

Thomas H. Yates, Asa Buckles, R.  
McIntyre, John Young, Thomas Thurston,  
Green Walker, James Crutcher, George  
Stump, Abram Neighbors, Richard  
Pierce, J. C. Chenoweth, W. E. Eldon.

In the afternoon, the examination of  
witnesses commenced, and four of the  
boys belonging to Butler's school were  
examined—Messrs. Knight, Worthington,  
Purle and Pope. A rigid cross-exam-  
ination made no material modification  
of the direct testimonies.

The trial proceeds this morning. At  
present rates it will require several days  
to get through the testimony. The Com-  
monwealth will occupy a day or ore, at  
least, and the defense, if all their witness-  
es are examined, will not get through  
even without any serious difficulty.

The correspondent of the Times gives  
the full list of the counsel employed, as  
follows:

Counsel for Prosecution—Alfred Allen,  
of Breckinridge, Commonwealth's  
Attorney; assisted by R. B. Carpenter,  
of Covington; F. W. Gibson, of Louis-  
ville; Sylvester Harris, of Hardin.

Counsel for Accused—Hon. John L.  
Crittenden, of Frankfort; Hon. Thomas  
F. Marshall, of Woodford; Hon. John L.  
Helm, of Hardin; Hon. George A. Caldwell,  
Nathaniel Wolfe, Thomas W. Riley,  
of Louisville; James W. Hays, R.  
B. Hayes, of Hardin.

THE HOFFMAN TRAGEDY—Hoffman,  
who was shot recently by Mrs. Mary  
Baker, died on Thursday evening last at  
the Sisters Hospital. For some time af-  
ter the occurrence his friends entertain-  
ed the hope that he would recover, but  
there was a calm and settled conviction  
in the mind of the deceased that he would  
die. He spoke of it without fear, and at  
times seemed annoyed at the expression  
of friends who would speak to him en-  
couragingly of any improvement in his  
condition, and the prospect of his ulti-  
mate recovery. For several days past  
his symptoms appeared unfavorable and  
on the afternoon of the day of his death  
he commenced sinking rapidly. He was  
perfectly conscious all the time and occa-  
sionally conversed with some of his  
friends who were present. A few min-  
utes before his death he requested one of  
the Sisters, who was in his room, not to  
leave him, and intimated that he was dy-  
ing, and almost instantly breathed his  
last, without a struggle.

Before his death he had desired that a  
post mortem examination should be made  
and designated the persons he wished to  
be present at it.

A Coroner's Inquest was held on Fri-  
day morning, and a large amount of testi-  
mony taken—but the facts developed are  
already familiar to the reader.

The verdict was that Wm. O. Hoffman  
came to his death from a pistol shot, in  
the hands of Mrs. Mary Baker, wife of  
Wilson C. Baker, on the 6th of April,  
1854, in the city of St. Louis.

A foot in the column.

THE PRICE OF A VOTE.—The Maine  
Temperance Journal has a story under  
the title of "the Senator," from which  
the following is an extract:

As Mrs. Madison was laying aside her  
cloak after the ride, the cool told her that  
there was a poor woman who wanted to  
speak with her. Going down she found a  
Mrs. Burns, who, in former times, had  
nearly lived upon her charity. But her  
husband, an intemperate man, had, for the  
last four months, reformed and provided  
comfortably for his family.

"How now, Mrs. Burns? you look as  
if you were in trouble again," said the  
Senator's wife, in her winning, sympa-  
thizing manner. The woman glanced  
almost fiercely from the corner by the  
range where she was standing, for she  
would not sit.

"Trouble you may well call it trouble,"  
she said briefly.

"Is your husband drinking again?"

"Ayel worse than ever."

"What a pity—what a great pity!"

"Yes! it is a pity for him, and a pity for  
me, and a pity for the children; but it is a  
pity, too, for them as has the blame of it  
—a pity and a shame!"

"Has any one the blame of his evil con-  
ducts except himself?" asked Mrs. Madison  
gently for she saw that her visitor was  
much excited.

"There are those, ma'am, whom God  
will not hold guilty at the judgment  
day. Fine gentlemen they are, too, and fine  
speeches they can make about their  
principles; and your husband, is one of them—he is a  
proud man on his head."

"Hush, Mrs. Burns," said the lady,  
while the roses flushed out into her face,  
"you must not speak so in my presence."

"But I will speak so to me, for I came  
here to tell you the truth. You are an  
angel almost, I know; and have been good  
to me and mine; but that doesn't signify  
but that you are too good for him. There  
is no kinder man than mine when he is  
sober; and not a drop of liquor did he  
take since last March, until election day.  
He earned his dollar a day, and brought it  
home at night; the children had shoes  
and decent clothes, and Tom went to  
school; and you couldn't find a woman with  
a happier heart than mine. But e

# THE HERALD.

"Time, Faith and Energy."

HENRY R. FRENCH, EDITOR

GEORGETOWN:

THURSDAY, - - - APRIL 27, 1854

J. C. Tackson; P. O. paid to No 7, vol	\$1.75
Mrs. M. A. Lemon, P. O. paid to No 4,	1.75
vol 11	
Mrs. Sus. B. Wells, Augusta, Ky., paid to No 51, vol 10	1.75
Charles Nichols, town, paid to No 52, vol 9	4.00
V. Bradley, county, paid to No 11, vol 10	75
J. F. Watson, P. O. paid to No 35, vol 10	2.00
Thos. C. Kelly, town, paid to No 52, vol 9	2.00

We are authorized to announce that JOHN M. GLINN is a candidate for the office of sheriff at the ensuing election in August 1854.

OCT. 20, 1853.

We are authorized to announce H. R. FRENCH as an INDEPENDENT candidate for the office of Sheriff of Scott county at the ensuing election in August.

OCT. 20, 1853-33-te\*

We are authorized to announce GEORGE W. KITCHEN an independent candidate for the office of Jailer at the ensuing election August, 1854.

DEC 22, 1854 42\*

We are authorized to announce WM. T. V. BRADFORD a candidate for Sheriff of Scott county at the ensuing election in August.

JAN. 5, 1854 43-te\*

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. PAGE as a candidate for the office of Jailer at the ensuing election in August.

JAN. 5, 1854-44.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE TOPPAS a candidate for the office of Jailer of Scott county at the ensuing election in August.

JAN. 19, 1854-45-te\*

We are authorized to announce RANDOLPH DIXON a candidate for the office of Jailer of Scott county at the ensuing election in August.

JAN. 26, 1854-46-te\*

We are authorized to announce T. M. SCRUGGS as a DEPENDANT candidate for the office of Sheriff at the ensuing election in August.

FEB. 2, 1854-47-te.

We are authorized to announce W. M. HOLDING, a candidate for the office of Jailer of Scott County, at the ensuing election in August.

FEB. 26, 1854-50-82.

To the voters of Scott County.

Fellow Citizens—I would respectfully notify you that I am an INDEPENDENT voter but a DEPENDANT candidate for your suffrages at the next August election, as Assessor for the County. If elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with zeal and fidelity, and to the best of my humble abilities.

GEORGE W. BATES.

MARCH 16, 1854 1.\*

We are authorized to announce B. T. THOMPSON a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Scott county, at the ensuing election in August, 1854.

MARCH 23, 1854-2-te.

County Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce L. B. DICKENSON a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk, at the ensuing election in August, 1854.

APRIL 13, 1854-5-te\*

For County Assessor.

We are authorized to announce WILSON MOORE a candidate for the office of Assessor at the ensuing election in August, 1854.

APRIL 20, 1854-7-te.\*

WANTED.

To hire for the balance of the year a good house servant. For further particulars inquire of the EDITOR.

SAM KEENE, we have good reason to know, has just received a choice supply of Tobacco, the names of which, by-the-by, are almost enough to make a tobacco chewer's mouth water; witness: "May Queen," "Blue Hen's chickens," "Bell of the West," &c.; the latter decidedly merits our approbation, as we have a natural and ardent affection for Western belles. Give Sam a call, if you wish to masticate a choice article of the weed—which we advise no one to do!

We would invite attention to the card of Messrs. T. J. Bryant & Co., who propose to open a writing School in this town, on Monday next. These gentlemen exhibit very handsome specimens of the art, their own execution, and also numerous specimens showing the marked improvement of pupils who have hitherto placed themselves under their tuition. Those who are anxious to improve their style of penmanship, can doubtless effect their object by the aid of these gentlemen.

A despatch from Charleston says that resolutions have been offered in the Southern convention that the United States mediate between Russia and Turkey, and appoint Ex-President Fillmore, General Scott and Senator Butler, mediators.

## Great Private Meeting.

"Arbitration" nominees laid on the shelf! likewise all the balance of the fishy Ass-pirants!!! unanimous nomination of the only really INDEPENDENT candidate! the veritable "people's man!" defying the machinations of both parties!!! Young America vs. Old Fogeyism, &c. &c.

At a large and highly respectable meeting, composed of the Editor of the Herald and "Better Half," Esq., held at Independent Hall, on Monday evening County Court day, the object of the meeting having been stated by the chairman, the following preamble and resolutions, after an animated discussion, in which "Better Half" Esq., was quite loquacious if not very eloquent, were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, Tobacco is a noxious Indian weed, of which we use as little as possible; and whereas, thanks to the liberality of our friend KEENE we have an abundant supply of choice brands of Tobacco on hand; and whereas Tobacco is, next to whisky, the best article to electroneur with; and whereas our "next best friend" is an independent candidate for the office of sheriff, and not the pliant tool of a clique, caucus, convention or "Arbitration," and hence has to "hoo his own road," to the homes and hearts of the "dear people," therefore unanimously.

Resolved, That said individual be declared the nominee of the county for the office of Sheriff; not to vote for whom shall be declared "treason to the party."

Resolved, That all the other candidates requested or required to surrender their Ass-pirations, for the sole benefit of said nominee.

Resolved, That we now appoint a committee of one "friend" each, to devise ways and means whereby the candidate of our choice, H. R. French, may dispose of the superfluity of choice tobacco aforementioned.

Resolved, That the committee retired to the fire place, and after a few moments returned to the meeting and reported the following additional resolutions, which were likewise unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That our candidate is authorized and instructed to distribute said choice tobacco liberally among his tobacco chewing constituents, and wherever and whenever he meets voters in the vicinity of a grocery or a hotel, to treat them—like gentlemen! Likewise to keep a sharp eye on the "pints," when tea, snuff, coffee, pasturage, &c., are hinted at by independent voters.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Herald, the only independent paper in the country, and the editor thereof, (our Chairman) be tendered a ticket for soup at Simon's, for the bold, manly and patriotic stand he has ever taken in support of the "people's rights" (guaranteed by the new Constitution,) and in opposition to selfish cliques and caucuses.

Resolved, That a vote of thanks be tendered to our Chairman, for the able, dignified and impartial manner in which he has presided over this numerous and respectable body of independent voters.

In response to this flattering resolution, a few pertinent and eloquent remarks were made by the Chairman; who declared his intention to do or die in defense of the rights of the "dear people!" Meanwhile "Better Half," Esq., occupied the Chair with a grace and dignity seldom equaled and never surpassed by any advocate of "Woman's Rights!" And then, the Chairman having resumed his seat, on motion of "Better Half," Esq. (a very significant motion, by the-by,) the meeting forthwith adjourned to "the land of Nod!"

INDEPENDENT EDITOR, Chairman.

BETTER HALF, Secretary.

That "Scot hen" is "some," we confess. She intends to make up in quantity what she lacks in the size of her eggs; but the story needs authentication, and we feel unwilling to admit the testimony offered. No unmarried man is a competent witness in such a case, and none but hen-pecked husband would like to risk his reputation for veracity, upon such a statement. No "innsinuations," however, old friend—State Flag.

We acknowledge the corn." on behalf of our friend the "candidate for matrimony;" for on being shown the foregoing paragraph, he very frankly acknowledged that so close had been his investigation that he actually had been "hen-pecked!"

These political editors, however, can never be relied on; they are always making mountains out of mole hills.—Georgetown Herald.

This accounts for our assiduous attention to our Georgetown neighbor; we are anxious to make something great out of him—even a mountain; but in spite of all we can do for him, he remains a mole hill still—Flag.

Beuter be a modest mole hill than a monster mountain, (like Pike,) always in labor with small affairs!

—A despatch from Charleston says that resolutions have been offered in the Southern convention that the United States mediate between Russia and Turkey, and appoint Ex-President Fillmore, General Scott and Senator Butler, mediators.

The St. Louis Republican in speaking of the Ward trial, says: "As not only the Wards, but Kentucky is on trial in this case, great anxiety will be felt in the result."

The members of the Mason bar gave a complimentary dinner to Judge DUVALL on Thursday, the 13th instant.

STRONG MINDED WOMEN.—On the books at Willard's Hotel, Washington, is the following recent entry:

Mrs. Lewis—and husband, Buffalo.

Among the important bills pending in Congress is the Land Graduation Bill, which was discussed in Committee of the Whole, in the House of Representatives, on the 13th, and reported, after several amendments were adopted. This bill provides that when lands shall have been in market for ten years, they shall be sold at one dollar per acre; after fifteen years, at seventy five cents; after twenty years, at fifty cents; after thirty years, at twelve and a half cents; provided, that nothing therein shall be so construed as to extend to lands reserved to the United States in the acts granting lands to the States for railroad or other purposes, or to the mineral lands which are held at a higher price. Nor is the bill to be construed as to interfere with pre-emption rights in any of the States or Territories.

At the Southern Convention, Parsons Brownlow, the eccentric editor of Tennessee having been called upon for a speech, held forth as follows:

I decline making a speech, and I submit nothing now for the convention; but I will say a word or two expressive of my gentlemen, I will say a word or two expressive of my opinion, and I will come to what I am aiming at, by remarking that when our Pilgrim fathers landed at Plymouth Rock they adopted three resolutions:—They resolved first, that the earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof; Resolved secondly, that the earth is intended by the Lord as an inheritance for his saints; Resolved, thirdly, that we are the saints. I have concluded my remarks, by Resolved, firstly. That the island of Cuba is the Lord's and the fulness thereof; Resolved, secondly, that he intends it for the saints of the South; and Resolved, thirdly, that we are the saints. [Laughter.]

INFORMATION WANTED BY A SISTER.

My two brothers lived in Clermont county, Ohio, about eight years ago; their names are Richard and Evan Hughes.

Any information concerning either of them, would be gratefully received by their sister. Direct to M. G., Postoffice, Columbus.

Editors will confer a favor by publishing the above.

The Washington correspondent of the Mayville Express, in noticing the visit of Gov. Powell to the Federal City, pays him a very high, but deserved compliment, in saying he is not only a most agreeable gentleman, but a statesman of enlarged views and solid acquirements, which eminently fit him for any position in which the people might think fit to place him.

A "FAST" TOWN.—In 1850 the population of Cleveland, Ohio,—a few years before no town at all—was put down at 17,600. Now it is 50,000! That beats Louisville. It goes ahead of even Chicago.

THE CAVES OF MACHPELAH, &c.

James Challen has just been received through the courtesy of the Author.

The poem is founded on Scriptural scenes, of deep interest, and would doubtless interest the Biblical reader. It is a neatly bound volume of about 150 pages

12 mo. and is furnished at the low price of \$1 per copy. Address James Challen, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Lady's Book for May, fully maintains the reputation of that popular periodical, as regards engravings, letter press printing, &c. As the vade mecum of the fair sex we presume that the Lady's Book is not excelled by any publication of a similar character, now extant.

NOT ALL LOST YET.—We are pleased to learn from our Bourbon farmer friends, that the peach crop has not been entirely destroyed by the late frosts; but there is yet a prospect for a moderate supply of that delicious fruit the coming season.

State Flag, Paris, Ky.

HELD TO BAIL.—Hiram Lawrence was tried before Judge Thomas, of the City Court, on Wednesday last for shooting Edward Cuddy, with intent to kill, and was held to bail in the sum of \$1,000, which he gave and was discharged. The wounded man is still lying in a critical condition, and it is still uncertain whether he will recover.—Observer.

THE TRIAL OF THE WARDS.—The testimony of the defense was nearly if not quite closed on Thursday night. The prosecution expected to offer some rebutting testimony the next day, and it was supposed the argument would commence on Friday evening, and continue into the present week. Four speeches on each side were expected, and in the following order: for the prosecution, Messrs. Carpenter, Harris, Gibson and Allen; for the defense, Messrs. Wolf, Helm, Marshall and Crisenden. It was, it is said, the original arrangement that Mr. Carpenter should close the argument, but he is obliged to be in Gallatin county on Monday to conduct some important cases there. Mr. Gibson mentioned in our last as of Louisville, has lately removed to that city from Indiana, where he has been a prominent lawyer for some years. The other counsel on both sides are all pretty well known in Kentucky.

The defense set up and relied upon appears to be that Butler struck Ward be-

SLEEPING ACCOMMODATIONS ON RAILROADS.—The patent reclining seats introduced by the Baltimore and Philadelphia railroad, into their night car, are attracting the deserved econimiums of travellers. The patent seats have also been introduced upon the Wilmington and Raleigh, and the Wilmington and Manchester Railroads, and are all that is claimed for them. There can be no question of their general adoption in cars running at night.—[Baltimore Am.]

Lying in bed with head high, the Medical Journal says, is unhealthy. In all diseases attended with fever, the head should be pretty nearly on a level with the body, and people ought to accustom themselves to sleep thus to avoid danger.

AMONG THE IMPORTANT movements of Congress deserving of special notice, are the rejection by the Senate of the Gadsden treaty and the passage by the House of the bill to graduate and reduce the price of public lands.

THE LIQUOR LAW IN VERMONT.—Judge Pierpont has decided at Rutland that so much of the Liquor Prohibition act of that State as directs that seized Liquor shall be destroyed without direct proof that any has been sold, is unconstitutional.

That the earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof; Resolved secondly, that the earth is intended by the Lord as an inheritance for his saints; Resolved, thirdly, that we are the saints. I have concluded my remarks, by Resolved, firstly. That the island of Cuba is the Lord's and the fulness thereof; Resolved, secondly, that he intends it for the saints of the South; and Resolved, thirdly, that we are the saints. [Laughter.]

A GREAT AND NOVEL ENTERPRISE.

We publish in our advertising columns a magnificent Gift enterprise, (the third of a series,) started in New York by Mr. Parham, who has been long and favorably known throughout the country.

It will present features that command it to the attention of every man, woman and child in the community. We have only to say that the former enterprises of this indefatigable manager have been characterized by the greatest fairness, and given the utmost satisfaction to all concerned. Send in your orders for tickets as early as possible, as they will undoubtedly be taken up in a short time.

IN NEWPORT last week the Council

allowed Mayor Fearon \$10, last year's salary as Mayor.

The new York Senate has passed the liquor bill, vetoed by the Governor, with a clause, submitting it to the people for ratification. It will now probably re-pass the House also.

HE WILL NOT WOO AGAIN.

'Twas but a word, a careless word, In pride and passion spoken; But with that word the chain that bound Two loving hearts was broken.

The hasty wrath has passed away, The bitter words remain;

He vainly weeps and sighs— He will not woo again.

No other love may light her path;

No other move his heart;

Yet changing seasons come and go,

And find her still apart;

Her once bright cheek is paler now;

His bears a trace of pain;

Theirs days are sorrowful, and yet

# 1854 NEW 1854

## SPRING & SUMMER DRY GOODS

C. L. FREEMAN & CO.

DEALERS IN

## STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS!

BEG leave to inform the citizens of Georgetown and Scott county generally, that they are now receiving and opening at their store on Main street, (formerly occupied by James F. Beatty) and which they have refitted and refurnished, a large and well selected stock, comprising most kinds of Foreign and American

## SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS

In part as follows:  
Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Summer Cloths, Cottonades, Denims, Ticks, Drills, Sheetings and Shirtings, Osnaburgh, Silks, Berages, Lawns, De Laines Prints, Ginghams, Linens, Diapers, Table Cloths, Cambrics, Swiss and Jaconet Muslins, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Bonnets, etc.

They will be in daily receipt of fresh additions of newest and latest styles of seasonable Goods, all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms, and will take great pleasure in showing to all who will give them a call.

March 15, 1854 1-1

C. L. FREEMAN & CO.

**WE HAVE NOW ON HAND THE**  
most varied and elegant assortment of Pianos to be found in the city, at prices varying from \$200 to \$300. Our instruments are from the oldest and largest manufacturers in New York and Boston; and our arrangements enable us to sell Pianos of better quality than can be found in this city, at the same prices as inferior instruments, sold elsewhere. We will guarantee in all cases to sell at manufacturer's price; not even adding freight, and as a small seduction till our overstocked ware rooms are somewhat relieved, will make a discount of 5 per cent. from regular prices for cash.

COLBURN & FIELD.

Depot for Chickering's and Woodward & Brown's, H. Worcester, and T. Gilbert & Co.'s pianos.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 13, 1854 5-pm.

**1854. Heavy Goods for Servants. 1854.**  
I HAVE on hand a large stock Blue Denims, Osnaburghs and Blue Cottons, which will be sold very low.

J. E. STEVENSON.

April 13, 1854 5-pm.

The effects of Bald Infidelity.

THOMAS PAINE.—In the autobiography of John Adams, the second President of the United States, he says of Paine's pamphlet 'Common Sense,' that it did but little good to the cause it espoused.

Mr. Adams says, 'He probably converted some to the doctrine of independence, and gave others an excuse for declaring in favor of it; but these would all have followed; Congress with zeal and on the other hand it excited many writers against it, particularly 'Plain Truth,' who contributed very largely to fortify and influence the party against independence, and finally lost us, the Allens, Penns, and many others of weight in the community.'

Mr. Adams gives him no credit for originality in its production. He says 'he came from England, and got into such company as would converse with him, and ran about picking up what information he could concerning our affairs; and finding the great question was concerning independence, he gleaned from those he saw the common-place arguments—such as the necessity of independence at some time or other; the peculiar fitness at this time, the justice of it; our ability to maintain it, etc., etc. Dr. Rush put him upon writing on the subject, furnished him with the arguments which had been urged in Congress a hundred times, and gave him the title of 'Common Sense.'

Mr. Adams says further, 'I saw he had capacity and a ready pen; and understanding that he was poor and destitute, I thought we might put him into some employment where he might be useful and earn a living. Congress appointed a committee on foreign affairs not long after, and wanted a clerk. I nominated Thomas Paine, supposing him a ready writer and an industrious man. Dr. Witherspoon, the President of New Jersey College, and then a delegate from that state, rose and objected to it with an earnestness that surprised me. The doctor said he would give his reasons; he knew the man and his communications; when he first came over he was on the other side, and had written pieces against the American cause; that he had afterwards been employed by his friend Robert Atkin, and finding the tide of popularity run rapidly, he had turned about; that he was very intemperate, and could not write until he had quickened his thoughts with large draughts of rum and water; that he was, in short, a bad character, and not fit to be placed in such a situation.'

A Noble Undertaking.—The Odd Fellows in Iowa have commenced and are successfully prosecuting an educational enterprise, which is alike honorable to the heads and hearts of the members of the order.—They have organized a Female College at Iowa City, the capital of the State, on the broad basis and governed by the liberal principles which distinguished that Order, and are now engaged in the erection of a spacious and beautiful school edifice which they hope to complete during the present year; and to defray this expense, have already secured in Iowa a subscription of \$8,000.

## VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell The House and Lot in which he now resides, situated on Main Cross Street, in Georgetown, Ky., adjoining the Georgetown Hotel. The house is of brick, containing nine rooms, a back porch, the length of the house, besides kitchen, servant's rooms and all necessary out buildings, including stable, carriage house, &c., all in good repair; the lot fronts on main cross street 120 feet, and running back (part) to Water street, and is considered one of the best pieces of property in the place; and from its locality, size and general appearance would make a first rate boarding house.

ALSO—The frame house and lot opposite the above, situated on the east side of Main Cross street, fronting on said street 150 feet and going back 200 feet to a 30 feet street, and containing 5 acres; upon this lot there is a never failing spring of as good water as is in the town. I consider this a superior lot of ground.

ALSO.—The TAN YARD property adjoining the last mentioned lot. Containing 5 acres and enclosed by a substantial stone fence; there is on this lot a large spring of good water, which has never been known to go dry; a large brick

**CURRIN SHOP.**  
stone tables and large well built bark mill house, and large bark and hide house, all in good repair; this is the best tan yard in Scott County, and the very best stand for buying and collecting hides and skins in this section of the country.

Any person wishing to purchase any of the above named property, will please give me a call, as I am determined to sell.

THO. B. WHITE.

April 13, 1854 5-pm.

1854. NEW GOODS! 1854.

## N B W G O O D S !!

THE subscriber encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto extended would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general that he has enlarged his stock of

**SPRING & SUMMER, STAPLE &**

**FANCY GOODS;**

Consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vests, Drapes, Silks, Calicos Bleached and Brown Cottons, &c., &c.

A very large and general assortment of

**BOOTS AND SHOES, OF**

**EVERY VARIETY & SIZE;**

**HATS AND CADS, &c.**

**QUEENSWARE,**

**GLASSWARE;**

Together with a general assortment of such goods as are usually kept in Dry Goods Stores with Tea, Coffee, Soda, &c., &c., as well as many other articles too numerous to enumerate, all of which will be sold at small advance on Eastern cost for Cash, or to prompt paying customers.

Those wishing to purchase are respectfully invited to give him an early call, at his Store Room, one door above J. T. Davies, on Main Street.

MILTON STEVENSON.

April 13, 1854 5-pm.

1854. GREAT ATTRACTI

ON

SUCH A MARKED IMPROVEMENT AS

WILL BE.

**PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY,**

If his remedies are faithfully applied and directions adhered to.

Applicants will please state their age, duration of disease, if matter issues from the external passage, if there are noises in the ears, state of general health, and what they suppose to have been the cause of the deafness. When the hearing is restored it is expected that those in easy circumstances will pay liberally.

**Medicines, Apparatus, &c.,**

Will be sent to any part at my own expence

Address Dr. ALSOPHERT, BROADWAY,

Office 422d, near 1st street, New York.

Free Dollars—Consultation Fee.

March 30, 1854 4-pm.

Guarantees a Successful Result

COMPLETE RESTORATION

OR

SUCH A MARKED IMPROVEMENT AS

WILL BE.

**PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY,**

If his remedies are faithfully applied and directions adhered to.

Applicants will please state their age, duration

of disease, if matter issues from the external

passage, if there are noises in the ears, state

of general health, and what they suppose

to have been the cause of the deafness. When

the hearing is restored it is expected that

those in easy circumstances will pay liber-

ally.

**Isaac Hecht,**

Begs leave to inform the citizens of George-

town and Scott Co., that he has just received

a large and fashionable stock of

**Spring and Summer Clothing**

of every description. Also a large stock of

**Boots, Cloth, Gentlemen's Furnishing**

**Goods, Trunks &c.**

All those wishing to buy Cheap and fine

Clothes will do well to call and see for them-

selves, no trouble to show Goods. George-

town opposite Court House.

March 30, 1854 3-pm.

March 29, 1854 4-pm.

**To Farmers and Others,**

JUST rec'd 1 dog of that unrivaled Work

**Youatt on Horses and Cattle** a Book

that every farmer in the land ought to have.

Also a large stock of School and Miscellaneous

Books, Blank Books &c. which will be sold

at small profits at the Drug and Book

Store of GEO. E. TRIMBLE

Feb 9 48 1854

J. F. BLATTY.

N. SPEARS, JR.

## THE IMPORTED HORSE YOUNG CLEVELAND!

WILL make his first season in this Country, at the stable of the subscriber, on the Crumbaugh's Mill road, and will be let to mares at \$20 to insure a mare with foal, half the money to be paid when the mare is served. The balance to be paid when the mare is ascertained to be in foal. All possible care will be taken, but no responsibility for accidents or escapes. W. D. CROCKETT.

DESCRIPTON AND PEDIGREE.

YOUNG CLEVELAND is a beautiful Bay, no white, 16 hands high and well formed: three years old. He was got by Golden Roseberry, dam by Drainer; grandam by Cottager; gr. grandam by Mr. Newton's Horse all pure Cleveland bred Horses.

GOLDEN ROSEBERRY the site of Young Cleveland, was got by Volunteer: she was the dam of that celebrated stallion the Duke of Cleveland, which was sold for \$1,500 to go abroad.

CONQUEROR was got by Mr. Judson's old Drednought: dam by Mr. Agar's Black legs; grandam by Mr. Woodall's noted horse, which was sold to Mr. Ayton, for \$1,500.

B. S. An extra lot of superior Coffee, Tea, and Granulated Sugar just received

B. S.

March 23, 1854 2-pm.

THE FINE YOUNG STALLION, BELLE FOUNDER, JR.,

WILL stand at the same place and will be let to mares at \$10 to insure a mare with foal. Belle Founder is four years old this spring, a beautiful mahogany bay, no white about him; full 16 hands high, of fine disposition, and excellent performance and a superior trotter. He was sired by Belle Founder, and he is imported Belle Founder, the best trotting horse of his day. Dam unknown. W. D. CROCKETT.

THE PREMIER MULE GETTER, CALIFORNIA!

WILL stand at the present season at my farm, one mile from Georgetown, on the Crumbaugh's Mill road, and will serve mares at \$10 to insure a mare to be in foal; the money to be paid when she is ascertained to be in foal or partied with. He will also serve Jennets at \$10 for Jack or \$15 for a Jennet colt. All care will be taken, but no responsibility for accidents or escapes.

DESCRIPTION & PEDIGREE.

California is 5 years old this spring, is full 15 inches high, fine length, big bone and a sure footed gelding. He was sired by Black Hawk; Black Hawk by Warrior; dam by Mountain Leader; Grand dam Bluesockings. W. D. CROCKETT.

March 9, 1854 5-pm.

Tobacco, Cigars and Tea.

ANOTHER lot of that superior Baltimore tobacco and imported cigars, also a lot of Superior Tea just Received by Feb. 9 1854 47. GEO. E. TRIMBLE.

SHEET MUSIC.

THE Ladies in particular, and every body in general, will please call and examine the large and select stock of Sheet Music and Music Instructors for the Piano, Violin, Violin and Accordeon now in store and for sale very low, any piece of music I may not have furnished at my one days notice by Feb. 9 1854 48. GEO. E. TRIMBLE.

ATTENTION.

ALL those indebted to us will please remember that our accounts are all ready for settlement, and hope that our customers will not force us to the very painful necessity of dunning them to death. T. S. BARKLEY & CO.

Feb. 9 1854 48-pm.

GEORGETOWN

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

At Forwood's Old Stand.

THE subscriber having purchased the entire interest of A. W. Forwood in the manufacturing and repairing of Carriages &c., and having secured the services of his Bro. John Clark, who has been long known as a manufacturer in Newark, N. J., and other experienced workmen from the east, is now prepared to furnish Carriages of any description, on as favorable terms as any establishment in the United States. Every branch of repairing will be executed in the best manner and on reasonable terms with punctuality and despatch.

HENRY CLARK.

Georgetown Jan 21 1854 47-pm.

WHO WOULD SUFFER,